SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

Supplemental Figures.



Figure S1. Huntingtin (*Htt*) expression in wild-type (wt) and mouse models of Huntington's disease (HD). (A) *Htt* expression levels in splenic T cells from wt and HD mice. Average expression levels of young and aged mice were calculated. (B) *Htt* levels in young (HD_y) and aged (HD_o) HD mice. (C) Detection of human mutant *HTT* (*mHTT*) and endogenous *Htt* gene expression in HD mice. (-), no template control.



Figure S2. Correlation analysis. (A) Principal component analysis (PCA). Four groups are included: wild-type young (wy), wild-type old (wo), Huntington's disease (HD) young (y), and HD old (o). (B) Unsupervised cluster analysis.

| Gene id | Category | No. Count | M/R ratio* in young | M/R ratio* in aged | log₂FC | P-val | FDR |
|----------|------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|
| Ig1_55 | Ageing | 510 | 0.004 | 0.392 | 6.515 | 1.39E-16 | 4.41E-14 |
| Clu_2 | Ageing | 13224 | 0.046 | 1.457 | 4.980 | 1.4E-12 | 2.23E-10 |
| PADI4_1 | Arg_meth | 3139 | 0.002 | 0.205 | 6.530 | 4.02E-12 | 4.26E-10 |
| Clu_1 | Ageing | 1268 | 0.041 | 0.636 | 3.951 | 5.89E-08 | 0.00000468 |
| PRMT6_1 | Arg_meth | 919 | 0.041 | 0.591 | 3.847 | 0.00000116 | 0.00000739 |
| Cd44_1 | Ageing | 2140 | 0.010 | 0.195 | 4.248 | 0.0000057 | 0.0000302 |
| Casp1_2 | Ageing | 5674 | 0.353 | 2.104 | 2.577 | 0.00000977 | 0.0000444 |
| RPRD1A_2 | etc | 5537 | 0.066 | 0.821 | 3.644 | 0.00000123 | 0.000049 |
| Casp1_1 | Ageing | 14597 | 0.870 | 5.325 | 2.613 | 0.00000431 | 0.000152169 |
| RNF38_5 | Ubiq | 2148 | 0.109 | 1.130 | 3.378 | 0.0000193 | 0.000612567 |
| Il6_1 | Ageing | 1428 | 0.007 | 0.131 | 4.138 | 0.0000591 | 0.001708404 |
| JMJD7_1 | Lys_demeth | 3779 | 0.323 | 1.534 | 2.246 | 0.000338713 | 0.008975895 |
| Rel_26 | Ageing | 1733 | 0.145 | 0.944 | 2.704 | 0.000437244 | 0.009931695 |
| Ier3_1 | Ageing | 463 | 0.129 | 0.855 | 2.724 | 0.000426953 | 0.009931695 |

* M/R ratio, the ratio of the mouse sequence counts relative to the rat's counts

Figure S3. Differentially expressed target sequences between wild-type young and aged mice. Gene id, gene symbol_amplicon number. Expression level of each amplicon was measured by calculating the ratio (M/R) of cDNA counts relative to rat spike-in counts. No Count, the number of read count of each amplicon. FC, fold change. FDR, false discovery rate.



Figure S4. Fold changes in the amount of amplicons in aged wild type mice compared to young mice. Fold changes were measured for the epi-driver gene amplicons in the categories of acetylation and deacetylation (**A**), lysine (K) methylation and K demethylation (**B**), Polycomb-repressive complex (PRC) (**C**), and DNA methylation (**D**). In B and D, amplicons are differentially marked according to the modification effects of their proteins on chromatin accessibility: open circles indicate increased accessibility; solid circles indicate reduced accessibility; and grey circles for cases involving either increased or reduced accessibility.



Figure S5. Amplicon levels of *Dnmt1* (**A**) and *Uhrf1* (**B**) in young and aged mouse models of Huntington's disease (HD_y and HD_o, respectively). (**C**) quantitative real-time PCR analysis of *Dnmt1* gene expression.